9H: SPOON CHART

There are many different types of spoons of various shapes, sizes, styles and materials. Whatever the type of spoon chosen, it must match a child's mouth size, shape and her developmental needs.

SPOON ANATOMY: PARTS OF A SPOON		
SPOON CO	MPARISON CHART	1) Bowl
TYPES OF SPOONS	ADVANTAGES	DISADVANTAGES
Wide Bowl	 Holds more food 	 Usually too large for a small child's mouth Difficult to close mouth around to remove food
Narrow Bowl	 Usually better sized for a small child's mouth Easier to close mouth around to remove food 	 Holds less food
Deep Bowl	Holds more foodFood stays on spoon well	 Requires more effort and skills for removing food from bowl
Shallow Bowl	 Requires less effort and skills for removing food from bowl 	Holds less foodFood more likely to fall off
Long Handle	 Easier for caregiver to hold if they are the feeder Less tiring for caregiver to hold 	 Harder for child to hold if they are the feeder More tiring for child to hold More difficult to aim at mouth for eating
Short Handle	 Easier for child to hold if they are the feeder Less tiring for child to hold Easier to aim to mouth for eating 	 Harder for caregiver to hold if they are the feeder More tiring for caregiver to hold
Metal	 More durable Easy to find 	 Cold and hard feeling can be off-putting to children with sensitive mouths Heavier to hold Can damage child's teeth and gums Often too big for children
Plastic	 Lighter, easier and less tiring to hold Less stimulating for sensitive children Less likely to damage a child's teeth and gums 	 Less durable Can be dangerous if bitten through by children with strong bite reflexes